RELIGION AND BELIEF POLICY

1 Introduction

1.1 It is the intention of The Royal Veterinary College to create an inclusive environment for everyone, regardless of age, sex, marriage & civil partnership, race, disability, religion or belief, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, pregnancy & maternity or any other characteristic.

1.2 The College welcomes staff, students, clients, visitors & others of all religions, faiths and beliefs. As a pluralist community, the College also respects the integrity and contributions to College life of agnostics, atheists and humanists.

1.3 The College aims to ensure that no one faces discrimination on the grounds of their religion or belief or lack of belief. This policy provides an overview of how we are working towards achieving this aim.

2 Definition of 'Religion and Belief'

2.1 The term ‘religion and belief’ is defined as ‘any religion, religious belief, or similar philosophical belief’. In order to meet this definition, a belief must have one or more of the following characteristics:

• collective worship;
• a clear belief system; or
• a profound belief affecting a way of life or worldview.

2.2 Atheism and agnosticism come within this definition but political beliefs have been explicitly excluded. Employment tribunals and other courts have to decide whether other circumstances are covered by the legislation.

2.3 While in some cases, race and religion are closely connected, most faith groups are very diverse and include a variety of beliefs, denominations, practices and traditions. They may include people of various ages, cultures, ethnic origins and social backgrounds. It is therefore important that there is no stereotyping of people who belong to a particular faith or belief.

3 Genuine Occupational Requirement

3.1 A ‘Genuine Occupational Requirement’ can be obtained where it can be proved that in order to carry out a particular role effectively it is necessary to be a member of a particular religion or have a particular religious or philosophical belief. Apart from the role of College Chaplain, it is unlikely that any posts at the College would fall into this category.

4 Religion & Belief and Sexual Orientation

4.1 Situations may arise where the rights of one individual conflict with the rights of another; the most frequent example of this is when an individual objects to lesbian, gay and bisexuality on the grounds of religion or belief. Such individuals are legally entitled to hold such beliefs but must not
manifest their views in a way that offends, intimidates or humiliates others or is hostile or degrading to them.

Practical aspects of the Religion and Belief policy are outlined in the next section, listed in alphabetical order.

5 Booking Rooms for Faith Related Events

5.1 All room bookings should be requested through the Estates Department, via the College’s “Room Booking” facility on the intranet.

5.2 The following information should be submitted when making the request (which should also be copied via email to the Chaplain – contact details can be found on the College’s intranet):

- the name(s) of the organiser(s);
- the name(s) of any speaker(s); and
- an outline of the activities to be undertaken during the event.

5.3 If the Chaplain has any concerns, these will be discussed in the first instance with the proposed organiser and/or other senior College staff.

5.4 Events should be in accordance with the ‘Statement on Building Good Relations between People of Different Faiths and Beliefs’, produced by the Inter Faith Network for the UK: http://www.interfaith.org.uk/about-ifn/values-of-ifn

5.5 Organisers should aim to enhance the understanding of a particular faith at the same time as showing respect for the diverse College community. College premises must not be used for the purposes of trying to convert others to another faith or belief.

6 Calendar Dates: Timetabling and Work Patterns

6.1 Dates are important within the religious context because they relate to religious celebrations, festivals and ceremonies. This may also apply to times of the days or days of the week. Care should therefore be taken when fixing in advance the dates of for example:

- open days – for potential applicants;
- assessments and examinations;
- training events; and
- other College events for staff, students, visitors and/or others.

6.2 However, even with advanced planning, it may not always be possible to select dates that do not clash with a religious celebration. This may be the case with examinations. Students should indicate as soon as possible if there is a problem with a particular date so that an alternative date can be considered. If this is not possible, students will be offered a deferral to the next available opportunity. Every attempt will also be made to ensure that interview dates do not place candidates at a disadvantage, with alternative arrangements being made whenever possible.

6.3 A number of religions observe fasting for different periods of the year. Any employees or students who are affected by this have the option to inform their managers or tutors to ensure that they can take the necessary breaks.

7 College Chaplaincy: Role

7.1 The College Chaplain is part of the main Chaplaincy team of the University of London and is appointed to the College by the Senior Chaplain. The Chaplain is an important part of the College community to which he/she makes an invaluable contribution.

7.2 The Chaplain’s time is divided between the College and the UCL Medical School.

7.3 Within the scope of the Religion and Belief policy, the Chaplain will act as the first point of advice and will recommend updates and amendments. The Chaplain liaises with ministers of other faiths locally and therefore can involve them as necessary in the development and implementation of this policy.

Contact details for the College Chaplain can be found on the College Intranet.

8 Dietary Requirements

The College recognises that some religions or beliefs have specific dietary requirements, relating to types of food, food preparation and storage. The College aims to meet the most common religious dietary requirements upon request and will endeavour to assist with such requests in a sensitive and reasonable manner. Dietary needs should also be considered when catering is organised for meetings, events and conferences.

9 Dress Codes

9.1 As a public authority and Higher Education Institution, the College requires its employees to dress in a manner that provides a positive image of the College. Although the College welcomes the variety of appearance brought by individual styles and choices, there are several basic rules that apply to staff and students.

9.2 Dress should conform to the current majority view in our society of what constitutes decency. The wearing of clothing displaying slogans that are discriminatory – for example, racist or sexist – is unacceptable and will not be permitted.

9.3 The wearing of items from particular religious group norms is of course welcome. However, Health and Safety requirements may mean that for certain tasks, specific items of clothing (overalls, protective clothing etc) must be worn. If such clothing constitutes a conflict with an individual’s religious belief, the issue will be considered sympathetically to find a satisfactory compromise. This will also apply if certain items of clothing/headwear/jewellery might constitute a health and safety risk in areas such as clinical work.

10 Fulfilment of Duties

10.1 As a Higher Education Institution with research facilities, the College engages in many activities and research projects, which in some circumstances an individual may object to on moral grounds usually related to religion or belief. If this situation arises and an individual’s duties require them to undertake activities to which they object, the matter should be raised with their manager or tutor and resolved as necessary.
11 Leave for Religious Festivals, Extended Leave and Time for Religious Observance

11.1 All employees are required to work in accordance with their contract, regardless of their belief or non-belief. Students are also required to follow the requirements of their course of study and attend the necessary lectures, tutorials, etc.

11.2 Employees are entitled to take annual paid leave to participate in their religious celebrations, festivals or ceremonies. Requests for such leave should be made a reasonable time in advance so that line managers can consider all requests in the light of workloads and the effect that any absence will have on the service. Time off can normally be accommodated using annual leave, time off in lieu or in exceptional circumstances unpaid leave.

11.3 Requests for extended leave on religious grounds will also be considered sympathetically. This may be necessary in order to go on a pilgrimage or to attend ceremonies related to births, weddings or deaths of relatives abroad. If the leave extends beyond the annual holiday entitlement, the excess days will be treated as unpaid leave.

11.4 Students wishing to be absent for similar reasons should discuss the implications with their tutor so that a reasonable arrangement can be made. Missed learning opportunities resulting from participation in religious festivals must be made up by the student, with any reasonable support from tutors as necessary.

11.5 Employees and students may also wish to take time during the working day for religious observance. This may involve time for private prayer or to attend religious services such as a Mass or Communion Service. This should normally pose no problems on weekdays although it might be problematic if employees have to work on Sundays. A reasonable arrangement can usually be made if the issue is discussed with the line manager.

11.6 The College recognises that alone amongst faith groups, the Islamic faith requires prayers at specific times and in certain conditions. Managers and tutors should be sensitive to these issues and deal reasonably with any requests by staff or students. Some of these prayers take the same time as a short coffee break and one of the breaks tends to fall within the lunch break so it should normally be possible to accommodate such needs.

12 Quiet Room Facilities

12.1 The College provides quiet rooms at both campuses. These are non-segregated spaces available for individual quiet prayer, reflection or meditation by men or women. They are unsuitable for group prayer, although requests to book other rooms for group prayer will be considered in a sensitive and reasonable manner. Employees and students using the rooms should be sensitive to the needs of other users.

13 Religious Societies

13.1 Religious societies affiliated to the Students’ Union are free to operate within the general policy and guidelines of the College. They may operate as necessary within the best interests of their members but without detriment to the needs of other staff and students. Societies are free to invite speakers from religious communities outside the College, although the programmes for all such events must be passed to the College Chaplain in advance for approval. Freedom of speech is an important principle at the College.
14 Titles

14.1 Recognised or ordained ministers or leaders of religious communities may have particular titles or designation, e.g. Imam, Rabbi, Reverend. Employees or students who have such titles should indicate if they wish the title to be used in all correspondence with the College and on staff or student directories, the College website etc.

15 Working with Colleagues

15.1 The College is a diverse institution where people work together to achieve the aims of the College. All prospective employees and students need to be aware that they will be expected to work with all colleagues and clients, regardless of their gender, gender identity and religious beliefs.

15.2 Individuals whose religion restricts contact with the opposite sex should discuss their situation in confidence with their Academic Tutor, line manager and/or the Director of Human Resources. As the College is not a single sex institution, however, there may be limited possibilities for making alternative arrangements without infringing sex discrimination legislation.

This policy may be subject to periodic review and amendment in light of changes in legislation, good practice or operational requirements.